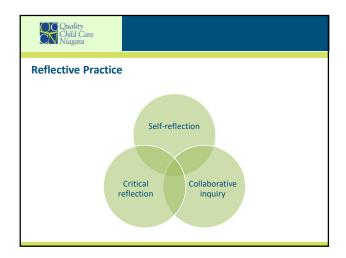




The College defines **reflective practice** for RECEs in this way:

An approach used by RECEs to analyze and think critically about their professional practice with the intention to better understand and improve their practice. Reflective practice is thoughtful, action-oriented and often, a collaborative effort. RECEs use reflective practice to plan, evaluate their strengths and challenges, make decisions and create change, if necessary. Self-reflection, critical reflection and collaborative inquiry are all important elements of reflective practice

Code of Ethics and Standards of Practice, 2017





Quality Child Car Niagara	e

#### **Video Reflection**

• How does your centre make time for group reflections?



## Why should I engage in Reflective Practice?

- Better able to understand your practice and act to improve it
- Promotes self-awareness
- Encourages a re-thinking
- Reveal forgotten strengths and skills
- Effective in your work
- Empowering and supports your well-being and leadership development
- Valuable contributor and leader
- Coping strategies and problem solving skills
- Build resiliency
- Honours your professional knowledge and experience



# How do I engage in Reflective Practice?

- Think critically about your professional practice:
  - Roles and responsibilities
  - Daily practice choices and actions
  - Interactions
  - Current practice environment(s)Observations of children

  - Knowledge of families
  - Ongoing learning choices and opportunities
    Knowledge of community and the sector

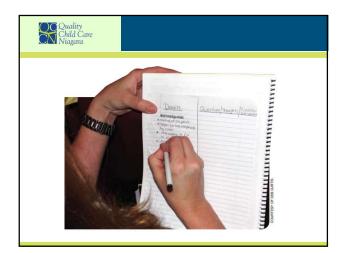


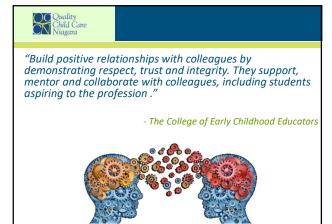
# How do I engage in Reflective Practice?

- Engage in deeper reflection and analysis:
  - Identify current issues, trends, policies and research that impact your practice
  - Listen to the perspectivesObserve children

  - Question your beliefs and assumptions
  - Challenge your daily practice
  - Observe and monitor the outcomes of new strategies in

  - Identify your strengths, challenges, and analyze
    Questioning what is happening in your practice and engage
- · Keeping a reflective journal





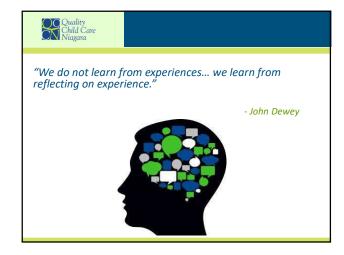




# **Becoming a Reflective Teacher**

- Examines his or her reactions
- Curious about children's play and watches it closely
- Documents
- Takes time to study notes and photos
- Shares stories about children's learning
  Asks co-workers and children's families for their insights
- Professional literature
- Photos and stories of themselves
- Changes the environment and materials
- Attentiveness Protocol by Dr. Carol Ann Wien
  - I see, I wonder, I think







## **Action plan**

• How can I challenge myself and my colleagues to continuously reflect on practices and to investigate questions and ideas?



- The College of Early Childhood Educators Reflective Practice and Self-Directed Learning (CPL Resource)
   https://www.college ece.ca/en/Documents/CPL\_Reflective\_Practice\_Self\_Directed\_Learning.pdf
- The College of Early Childhood Educators Code of Ethics and Standards of Practice
   https://www.college-ece.ca/en/Documents/Code\_and\_Standards\_2017.pdf
- Becoming a Reflective Teacher https://www.rrcc.edu/sites/default/files/early-childhood-education-BecomingaReflectiveTeacher.pdf
- Reflective Practice: Making a Commitment to Ongoing Learning http://thespoke.earlychildhoodaustralia.org.au/reflective-practice-making-commitment-ongoing-learning/
- Continuous Professional Learning for Early Childhood Educators https://tecribresearch.wordpress.com/2020/06/27/continuous-professional-learning-for-early-childhood-educators-reflective-practice-and-collaborative-inquiry/
- A Thinking Lens® for Reflection and Inquiry <a href="https://eccdc.org/wp-content/uploads/2014/09/a">https://eccdc.org/wp-content/uploads/2014/09/a</a> thinking lens bilingual.pdf

